

Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A patient monitoring system comprising:
a plurality of inputs, the plurality of inputs being configured to be coupled to a plurality of electrodes including first, second and third electrodes;
a processing circuit coupled to the plurality of inputs, the processing circuit being configured to process signals from the plurality of electrodes to produce a respiration parameter for a patient, the processing circuit having a first mode of operation in which the processing circuit produces the respiration parameter by measuring impedance between the first and second electrodes and uses the third electrode to eliminate or reduce a common mode voltage present in the signals obtained from the first and second electrodes, and the processing circuit having a second mode of operation in which the processing circuit produces the respiration parameter by measuring impedance between the third electrode and an additional one of the plurality of electrodes.
2. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the third electrode is connected to the processing circuit by the RL leadwire
3. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processing circuit is capable of operating in the first and second modes of operation simultaneously.
4. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the additional one of the plurality of electrodes is one of the first and second electrodes.
5. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the respiration parameter is respiration rate.

6. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the first and second electrodes are attached to a human having a abdomen and at least one lung and further wherein the first electrode and second electrodes are attached to the human such that a straight line extending from the first electrode to the second electrode passes through a lower portion of the lungs adjacent to the abdomen.
7. (Original) The system of claim 6, wherein the straight line substantially avoids passing through an aorta, heart, neck, or any shoulder of the patient.
8. (Original) The system of claim 6, wherein the first electrode is attached to at least a right or left leg.
9. (Original) The system of claim 8, wherein the first electrode is attached to the left leg at a LL location or to the right leg at a RL location.
10. (Original) The system of claim 6, wherein the second electrode is attached to an opposite side of abdomen as the first electrode and further wherein the second electrode is located below an armpit.
11. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the second electrode is attached to an electrode location selected from the group consisting of the V5R, HV5R, V6R, HV6R, V5, HV5, V6, and HV6 electrode locations.
12. (Original) The system of claim 11, wherein the second electrode is attached to an electrode location selected from the group consisting of the V5R V6R, HV5R and HV6R electrode locations.

13. (Currently amended) An apparatus for monitoring the respiration rate of a human having a thorax and at least one lung, the apparatus comprising:

a first input configured to be connected to a first electrode attached to the thorax;

a second input configured to be connected to a second electrode attached to an opposite side of the thorax as the first electrode, and such that a first conductive path extends through a lower portion of the lungs between the first and second ~~electrodes~~inputs;

a third input configured to be connected to a third electrode, the third electrode being a RL electrode that is configured to both eliminate or reduce a common mode voltage present in signals obtained from the first and second electrodes and provide a second conductive path with one of the first or second electrodes; and

a processing circuit configured to detect fluctuations in impedance in the first or second conductive paths, and derive a respiration signal at least from the fluctuations.

14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the processing circuit is also an ECG monitoring circuit that is configured to use a signal from the third electrode as a voltage reference signal in the ECG monitoring circuit.

15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the processing circuit is configured to be coupled to the first electrode to at least a right or a left leg.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the processing circuit is configured to be coupled to the first electrode at the LL location or to the right leg at the RL location.

17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the processing circuit is configured to be coupled to the second electrode at the opposite side of thorax below the armpit.

18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the processing circuit is configured

to be coupled to the second electrode at an electrode location selected from the group consisting of the V5R, HV5R, V6R, HV6R, V5, HV5, V6, and HV6 electrode locations.

19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the processing circuit is configured to be coupled to the second electrode at an electrode location selected from the group consisting of the V5R, HV5R, V6R, and HV6R electrode locations.

20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the processing circuit includes an electronic display screen, and further wherein the processing circuit is configured to display the respiration signal on the electronic display screen as a respiration rate numeric value.

21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the processing circuit is configured to display the respiration signal as a trace.

22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein the processing circuit is configured to display the trace on the electronic display screen.

23. (Cancelled)

24. (Original) A patient monitor comprising:
an operator input device;
a plurality of signal inputs, the plurality of signal inputs being configured to receive signals from electrodes attached to a patient;
a processing circuit, the processing circuit being configured to process the signals received from the electrodes to generate a Lead I signal, a Lead II signal, and an abdominal respiration lead signal;

a display, the display being configured to display options for selection by the operator using the operator input device, the options including an option to display a parameter associated with the abdominal respiration lead signal.

25. (Original) A method of monitoring the respiration rate of a human having an abdomen and at least one lung, the method comprising the steps of:

detecting fluctuations in impedance in a conductive path between first and second electrodes and using a third electrode to eliminate or reduce a common mode voltage present in signals obtained from the first and second electrode in a first mode of operation of a processing circuit, the first electrode and second electrode being attached to the human such that a straight line extending from the first electrode to the second electrode passes through a lower portion of the lungs adjacent to the abdomen;

detecting fluctuations in impedance in a conductive path between the third electrode and one of the first and second electrodes in a second mode of operation of the processing circuit; and

deriving a respiration parameter based at least on the fluctuations.

26. (Original) A system for monitoring the respiration rate of a human having a thorax and at least one lung, the apparatus comprising:

a first electrode means for sensing body impedance, the first electrode being configured to be fixed to the thorax on the left leg at a LL location or on the right leg at a RL location;

a second electrode means for sensing body impedance and configured to be fixed below the armpit on to an opposite side of the thorax as the first electrode means for sensing body impedance to thereby define a conductive path extending through a lower portion of the lungs between the first and second electrodes means for sensing impedance;

a third electrode ~~means for eliminating or reducing a common mode voltage present in signals obtained from the first and second means, the third means being a RL~~ electrode; and

a means for monitoring respiration configured to detect fluctuations in impedance in the conductive path, and to derive a respiration signal at least from said fluctuations, said monitoring means being coupled to the first and second electrodes ~~means for sensing~~ and coupled via the electrodes ~~means for sensing~~ to the human.

27. (Currently amended) The system of claim 26, wherein the monitoring means is an ECG monitoring circuit that is configured to use a signal from the third electrode ~~means~~ for sensing as a voltage reference signal in the ECG monitoring circuit.

28. (Cancelled)

29. (Cancelled)

30. (Cancelled)

31. (Currently amended) The system of claim 26, wherein the monitoring means is configured to be coupled to the second electrode ~~means for sensing~~ at an electrode location selected from the group consisting of the V5R, HV5R, V6R, HV6R, V5, HV5, V6, and HV6 electrode locations.

32. (Currently amended) The system of claim 31, wherein the monitoring means is configured to be coupled to the second electrode ~~means for sensing~~ at an electrode location selected from the group consisting of the V5R, HV5R, V6R, and HV6R electrode locations.

33. (Original) The system of claim 26, wherein the monitoring means includes an electronic display screen, and further wherein the monitoring means is configured to display the respiration signal on the electronic display screen as a respiration rate numeric value.

34. (Original) The system of claim 33, wherein the monitoring means is configured to display the respiration signal as a trace.

35. (Original) The system of claim 34, wherein the monitoring means is configured to display the trace on the electronic display screen.

36. (Original) The system of claim 26 further comprising a hospital information system, and wherein the monitoring means is coupled to the hospital information system to make information derived from the respiration signal available on the hospital information system.